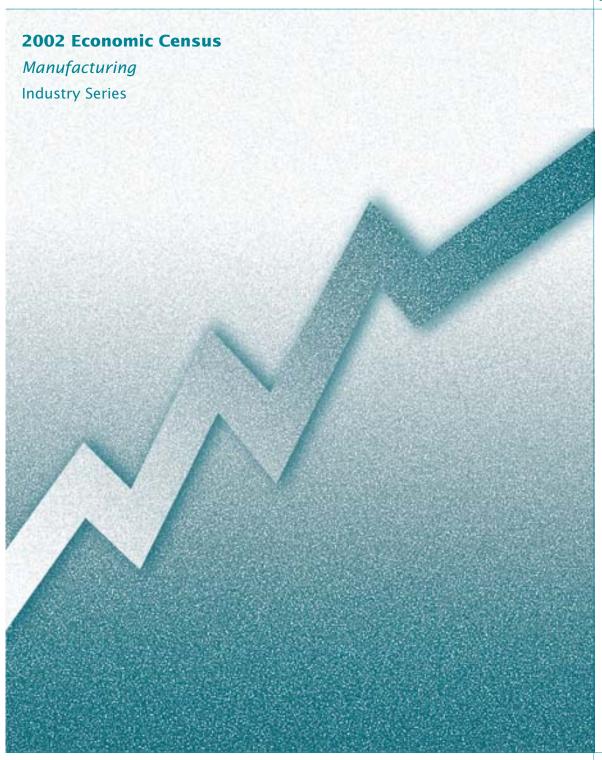
Personal Leather Goods (Except Women's Handbag and Purse) Manufacturing: 2002

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Helping You Make Informed Decisions

U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU



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-- Not applicable for this report.

Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

					Production workers				Total	Total	Total capital
Industry and year ¹	Com- panies ²		Number ⁴	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ⁴	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	materials	shipments	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
316993, Personal leather goods (except women's handbag and purse) manufacturing	166 N N N N	N N N	3 156 4 198 4 600 4 557 4 957 5 215	83 569 100 957 95 955 93 245 110 742 109 840	2 327 3 199 3 608 3 613 3 856 3 837	4 064 6 035 7 046 7 007 8 110 7 722	44 513 56 459 58 403 57 006 63 633 57 729	190 600 196 092 197 860 197 312 240 756 279 219	160 037 149 119 166 238	355 901 340 769 354 734 345 598 408 764 465 206	'2 568 4 733 7 132 5 000 5 338 6 357

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

¹Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

²For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

³Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

⁴Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by *, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		All establishments ²		All employees		Production workers						
Industry and geographic area	E¹	Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	Number ³	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ³	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)		Total cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
316993, Personal leather goods (except women's handbag and purse) manufacturing												
United States. California Indiana Massachusetts New York Rhode Island	1 1 - 3 2	167 32 5 6 25 7	37 6 1 2 7 5	3 156 614 117 195 448 287	83 569 19 004 2 296 3 078 10 900 7 305	2 327 427 105 165 369 186	4 064 737 71 198 689 379	44 513 9 994 1 867 2 030 6 925 4 950	27 427 5 588 5 144	36 096 3 116	355 901 66 981 8 804 10 272 33 000 15 448	'2 568 '654 '70 '59 '159 '218

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more. Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

3Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

ltem	Value
316993, Personal leather goods (except women's handbag and purse) manufacturing	
Companies ¹ number	166
All establishments ² . number. Establishments with 1 to 19 employees number. Establishments with 20 to 99 employees number. Establishments with 100 employees or more number.	167 130 30 7
All employees³ number. Total compensation \$1,000. Annual payroll \$1,000. Total fringe benefits \$1,000.	3 156 96 135 83 569 12 566
Production workers, average for year	2 327 2 401 2 325 2 318 2 253
Production worker hours	4 064 44 513
Total cost of materials \$1,000. Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used \$1,000. Resales \$1,000. Purchased fuels \$1,000. Purchased electricity \$1,000. Contract work \$1,000.	162 259 106 620 42 031 544 1 915 11 149
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power	25 567 —
Total value of shipments \$1,000. Primary products value of shipments \$1,000. Secondary products value of shipments \$1,000. Total miscellaneous receipts \$1,000. Value of resales \$1,000. Contract receipts \$1,000. Other miscellaneous receipts \$1,000.	355 901 222 230 72 149 61 522 59 282 D
Primary products specialization ratio percent. Value of primary products shipments made in all industries \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in this industry \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in other industries \$1,000.	75 301 443 222 230 79 213
Coverage ratiopercent	74
Value added\$1,000	190 600
Total inventories, beginning of year \$1,000 Finished goods inventories \$1,000 Work-in-process inventories \$1,000 Materials and supplies inventories \$1,000	58 003 37 416 2 468 18 119
Total inventories, end of year \$1,000. Finished goods inventories \$1,000. Work-in-process inventories \$1,000. Materials and supplies inventories \$1,000.	57 968 33 542 3 300 21 126
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year. \$1,000. Total capital expenditures (new and used) \$1,000. Buildings and other structures (new and used) \$1,000. Machinery and equipment (new and used) \$1,000. Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use \$1,000. Computers and peripheral data processing equipment \$1,000. All other expenditures for machinery and equipment \$1,000. Total retirements \$1,000. Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year \$1,000.	'45 181 '2 568 '335 '2 233 '386 '405 '1 442 '2 660 '45 089
Depreciation charges during year\$1,000.	r3 506
Total rental payments \$1,000 Buildings and other structures \$1,000 Machinery and equipment \$1,000	5 751 4 380 1 371
Total other expenses ⁴ \$1,000. Response coverage ratio ⁵ percent. Repair and maintenance services of buildings and/or machinery ⁴ \$1,000. Communications services ⁴ \$1,000. Legal services ⁴ \$1,000. Accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services ⁴ \$1,000. Advertising and promotional services ⁴ \$1,000. Expensed computer hardware and supplies and purchased computer services ⁴ \$1,000. Refuse removal (including hazardous waste) services ⁴ \$1,000. Management consulting and administrative services ⁴ \$1,000. Taxes and license fees ⁴ \$1,000. All other expenses ⁴ \$1,000.	42 265 60 1 285 882 200 596 6 146 777 222 3 155 487 28 514

¹For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.
2Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
3Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.
4Based on 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.
5A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class			All emp	oloyees	Pr	oduction worke	ers		Total	Total	Total capital expendi- tures (\$1,000)
		All estab- lish- ments ²	Number ³	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ³	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	
316993, Personal leather goods (except women's handbag and purse) manufacturing											
All establishments	1	167	3 156	83 569	2 327	4 064	44 513	190 600	162 259	355 901	r2 568
1 to 4 employees	9 7 4 1 1 - - -	80 20 30 21 9 6 1 -	c c 426 606 657 841 e - -	D D 10 118 13 521 12 829 24 396 D - -	D D 346 507 540 564 D - -	D D 694 948 821 916 D - -	D 6 439 9 022 7 988 12 957 D - -	D D 17 908 21 566 28 467 37 034 D - -	D D 15 485 19 498 19 951 45 243 D - -	D 34 155 41 597 47 876 84 464 D - -	D '177 '205 '657 '664 '759 D - -
Administrative records ⁴	9	94	297	7 171	250	489	4 823	11 465	10 103	21 566	^r 110

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–11 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

³Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

size classes shown.

Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or product class code	Industry or primary product class	All	All em	ployees	Pi	oduction work	ers		Total	Total	Total capital
		estab- lish- ments ¹	Number ²	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number ²	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
316993	Personal leather goods (except women's handbag and purse) manufacturing	167	3 156	83 569	2 327	4 064	44 513	190 600	162 259	355 901	^r 2 568
	manufacturing	167	3 130	63 369	2 321	4 004	44 513	190 600	102 239	355 901	2 300
3169930	All other personal leather goods	167	3 156	83 569	2 327	4 064	44 513	190 600	162 259	355 901	r2 568

¹Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

²Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6a. Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Number of		Product shipments		
Product code	Product	companies with shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)	
316993	Personal leather good (except women's handbag and purse) manufacturing	N N	X	X	301 443 494 453	
3169930	All other personal leather goods	N N	X	X	301 443 494 453	
31699301	Billfolds, wallets, French purses, clutches and instrument cases	N N	X	X	111 971 239 603	
3169930111	Billfolds, wallets, French purses, and clutches, all leather or mostly leatherthousands 2002.	29	X	S	81 315	
3169930121	Billfolds, wallets, French purses, and clutches, other than leather (plastics, fiber, etc.)	46	X X	20 253.8 S	221 787 30 656	
31699302	Travel kits, jewelry boxes and cases, compacts, vanity cases, and other personal goods	14 N	X X	3 695.5 X	17 816 155 477	
3169930231	Personal travel kits (fitted and unfitted), leather	N 12 13	X X X	X S 2 639.7	238 318 54 100 24 751	
3169930241	Personal jewelry boxes and cases (except precious metal), pocket size, leather	10	X	D D	D	
3169930251	Personal compacts and vanity cases, outer surface of all leather or mostly leather		X	D	D	
3169930265	Other personal goods, (including key, cigarette, eyeglass, and pass-cardcases), all leather or mostly leather	22	X	X	23 448	
3169930275	Other personal goods, (including key, cigarette, eyeglass, and pass card cases), other than leather	N 18	X X	X X	N 41 155	
3169930281	1997 Instrument cases (all types)	N 13	X	X	N 18 458	
3169930Y	All other personal leather goods, nsk, total	N N N	X X X	X X X	N 33 995 16 532	
3169930YWW	All other personal leather goods, nsk, for nonadministrative- record establishments	N N	X	X	15 624 6 834	
3169930YWY	All other personal leather goods, nsk, for administrative- record establishments	N N	×	X	18 371 9 698	

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997 [Not applicable for this report.]

Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
316993	Personal leather goods (except women's handbag and purse) manufacturing		
00900001	Total materials	X	106 620
31161119	1997 Hides, skins, and pelts	X	118 516 1 803
32500025	Tanning materials, dressings, dyes, and finishing agents	X X X	N D N
31611003	Finished upper leather	×	1 617
31611010	1997 Finished sole leather	X	D D
31611007	All other finished leather	X X X	16 934 N
31321023	Broadwoven fabrics (piece goods)	X	3 279 14 724
31332001	Fabrics (plastics coated, impregnated, and laminated)	X	5 117
32521105	Plastics resins consumed in the form of granules, pellets, powders, liquids, etc	X X X	12 796 D D
32610013	Plastics products consumed in the form of sheets, rods, tubes, film, and other shapes	X	1 685 D
33251017	Trunk and luggage hardware (including locks)	X	Ď
00970099	All other materials and components, parts, containers, and supplies	X	2 115 40 504
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk	X X X	115 525 23 712 S

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.